Name:	

Partner(s):_____

DENSITY INVESTIGATION of UNKNOWN LIQUIDS

Objective: To determine the densities of three different unknown liquids.

Materials: Triple Beam Balance 1 – 100 ml Graduated Cylinder Liquid Gravitational Dropper 50 ml beaker of Liquid A 50 ml beaker of Liquid B 50 ml beaker of Liquid C Cork Rubber Food Coloring (Blue and Red)

Part A

Procedure: Write a detailed procedure outlining the steps you must take to solve the lab objective. Record all of your measurements on the Data Table provided. Note that the recommended sample volume of 20 ml is already stated in the Data Table. Be sure to include this volume in your procedure steps.

DATA TABLE 1

Sample	Graduated Cylinder Mass (g)	Volume of Sample (ml)	Graduated Cylinder + Sample mass (g)	Sample Mass (g)	Sample Density (g/ml)
	(A)	(B)	(C)	$(\mathbf{D}) = \mathbf{C} \cdot \mathbf{B}$	$(\mathbf{E}) = \mathbf{D} \div \mathbf{B}$
Liquid A		20 ml			
Liquid B		20 ml			
Liquid C		20 ml			

Part B

Procedure:

- 1. Gently place the small piece of *<u>rubber</u>* into the cylinder with the three liquids.
- 2. Observe where the rubber piece settles in the cylinder.
- Based on the settling location of the rubber piece, relative to the three liquids,a. Is the density of the rubber more or less dense than the density of:

Liquid A? _____ Liquid B? _____ Liquid C? _____

- 4. Gently place the small piece of <u>cork</u> into the cylinder with the three liquids.
- 5. Observe where the cork piece settles in the cylinder.
- Based on the settling location of the cork piece, relative to the three liquids,a. Is the density of the cork <u>more</u> or <u>less</u> dense than the density of:

Liquid A? _____

Liquid B? _____

Liquid C? _____

7. Using the picture of the graduated cylinder on the right margin of this page, sketch all materials (liquids, rubber, cork) as they appear in your graduated cylinder to the correct volume.

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8.	List all materials (liquids, rubber, cork) in order of increasing density:	\sim
9.	If the size of the cork is increased, what will be the effect upon its density?	—100 m l
10.	If the temperature of the liquids is increased, what will be the effect upon their densities?	-80
11.	Obtain and record below the actual densities of the liquids from your instructor.	-70
	Blue Colored Fresh Water: Seawater: Red Colored Isopropyl Alcohol:	60
12.	Determine the percent deviation using your calculated density values from Part A. Identify each of the liquids on the lines below based on their density values.	—50
	 a. Liquid A is:	-40
		-30
	b. Liquid B is:i. Percent Deviation (Show all work)	-20
		-10
	c. Liquid C is:	